

Tuesday October 12. 1708.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Octob. 13.

Rome, Sept. 15.

THE Pope's Gallies will speedily make another Voyage to Marseilles, to fetch some more Forces newly rais'd in the County of Avignon. As fast as the Levies made in the Provinces of the Ecclesiastical State arrive here, they are sent most of them to Faenza and the Neighbourhood of Comacchio; and are to endeavour to expell the Germans from thence, before they are reinforc'd by those which have serv'd this Summer on the Frontiers of Piemont with the Troops of the Duke of Savoy. Some Troops are also order'd towards the Frontiers of the Kingdom of Naples. The new Levies are continued with the greatest Application; and for defraying the extraordinary Charges of these military Preparations, we are assur'd his Holiness has resolv'd to make Use of the 500000 Crowns of Gold which were deposited in the Castle of St. Angelo by Pope Sixtus V; the Necessity of defending the Temporal Dominions of the Church, being as pressing now as at any Time these many Years.

Venice, Sept. 22. 'Tis advis'd from the Ferrareze, that a great Quantity of Arms with a considerable Number of Horses have been brought thither, since this Republick consented to let the Pope buy them out of their Dominions. Hostilities are continued, the Pope being resolv'd not to suffer the Emperor's Troops to possess themselves of his Territories, and exercise there all manner of Violences as in a conquer'd Country. He has given leave to the Peasants to take Arms, to draw together at the ringing out of their Alarm-Bells, and to fall upon those who shall offer to molest them: So that there is ground to believe these Hostilities will soon turn to an open War. The Germans who were in Argenta on the side of the most Southern Arm of the Po, were so streighten'd by the Peasants, that they were constrain'd to dislodge from thence: But in their Retreat they had 24 Men kill'd, 30 made Prisoners, and their Baggage taken. They sav'd themselves in Ostellato on the Edge of the the Lake of Comacchio. The Peasants pursu'd them thither, resolving to have them dead or alive; kill'd 60 of them and took 40 Prisoners. The rest threw themselves into small Boats, some of which sunk with the weight of too many crowding into them, and only 250 got to Comacchio, in which commands the Count de Boneval, who presses for Succours, that he may maintain that Post and Magnavacca. Another Fody of Peasants have beaten the Germans from Longastrino, killing 30 Men. The Marquis de Bentivoglio having Intelligence that 4 Barks laden with Ammunition for Comacchio were coming down the Po, he march'd with some Officers, Soldiers, and Peasants to attack them: He receiv'd the Fire of the Germans, boarded them, and forc'd them to yield and ask Quarter, which he granted them. They were a Captain of Grenadiers, a Lieutenant, and 40 Men well Arm'd, with about 6000 Bullets of 24 pound weight each, 350 Musquets, and 340 Barrels of Powder weighing each 184 Pound. The Prisoners were conducted to Ferrara. with all the Ammunition, which the Cardina Legate has caus'd to be put into the Citadel. These Losses have oblig'd the Imperialists to abandon Diamantina and the other Posts of which they were possess'd, and where they lay dispers'd, to retire to Comacchio, where they hope to defend themselves better in a Body. But those who were at Mesola not retiring soon enough, were Invested in it by the Pope's Troops and by the Peasants, who oblig'd them to surrender at Discretion, refusing to give them any other Terms. Bills had been put up and dispers'd about in Ferrara, promising two Pistoles to every German Foot-Soldier who would enter into his Holiness's Service, and 10 Pistoles to such who would come in with a Horse. The Imperialists who had retir'd from San Martino to Final di Modena, were to be speedily reinforc'd by the Regiment of Horse of Visconti, and expected 4 others from Piemont, with some Regiments of Foot, in order to form a Body able to penetrate into the Ferrareze. On the other Hand the Legates of Ferrara and Bologna cause Bondeno and other Posts to be fortify'd to hinder their Entrance. They write from Leghorn the 14th that an English Man of War was arriv'd there, and confirm'd, that the Island of Sardinia had submitted to the Archduke, and that the Confederate Fleet was sail'd from thence; but that instead of going to Sicily, they sail'd towards Catalonia.

Leghorn, Sept. 21. Yesterday arriv'd here two British Men of War, the Colchester and Fowey. The Captains report, that the 14th Instant they left the

soon as the Fleet appear'd there, the whole Island of Minorca declar'd for King Charles III; that the few French and their Adherents retir'd into the Castle of Port Mahon, where they could not hold out 3 Days. That Admiral Leake would speedily sail to Lisbon with 6 of the biggest Ships; and Commadore Edward Whitker with 17 others would come to Naples, to assist in the long intended Expedition against Sicily.

From the Bruss. and Amst. Gaz. Oct. 12. and 16.

Madrid, Sept. 24. The Lois of the Kingdom of Sardinia was confirm'd last Friday by an Express dispatch'd by the Marquis de Jamaica, who was Viceroy of it, and whom an English Man of War of 60 Guns had set ashore on the Coast of Valencia with his Family and Effects: With him came two Captains and the Count de Castillo and Don Joseph Mazones, being the only Persons of Sardinia who continu'd faithful to King Philip. The speedy Reduction of Sardinia to the Obedience of King Charles, causes great Murmuring here, and is imputed partly to the Marquis de Jamaica, who did not use the common Methods to make himself belov'd by the Inhabitants during the Time of his Government. The Count de Cifuentes caus'd him to be secur'd, designing to send him to Barcelona: But Admiral Leake taking him under his Protection caus'd him to be landed on the Coast of Valencia. The Duke de Veraguas is nominated President of the Junta establish'd to contrive by what Means to fit out a Naval Force, for the greater Security of the Gallies and Flotas of new Spain. 300000 Crowns of the Silver brought by the Fleet to Port Passage, are sent to the Duke of Orleans under a Guard of Horse. An Express arriv'd last Night with Advice, that want of Forrage had oblig'd the two Armies in Catalonia to decamp: That the Troops of the Duke of Orleans were gone into Quarters of Refreshment between the Cinca and the Segra, and those of Count Staremberg towards Terragona. We have Advice, that some English and Dutch Ships have brought a great Quantity of Corn from Sardinia to Catalonia, and that the Marquis de Villafor and the Count de St. Antonio Deputies from the Kingdom of Sardinia are arriv'd at Barcelona to make their Submission to King Charles. We have an Account that the Confederate Fleet is sail'd to the Island of Minorca, with Design to attack Port Mahon; and we are in fear they will take that Place, because the Garrison, both of the Town and Castle, consists only of 400 French with some Spaniards. Letters from Cartagena of the 28th of June make mention of what pass'd between some English Men of War and the Spanish Gallies. This Affair gives great Disturbance to our Court, who impatiently expect the Particulars. M. Amelot, Ambassadour of France, continues to intermeddle in Affairs of our Commerce; which is very ill taken by the Spanish Nation. M. d'Aubanton, Secretary of the Marine to the King of France, demands 500000 Pieces of Eight of the Persons interested in the Fleet which arriv'd lately at Port Passage; for M. du Casse's convoying them with his Squadron.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated Oct. 12.

Roveredo, Sept. 30. Monday and Tuesday last, pass'd by here 450 Recruits for the Regiment of Wirtemberg, and 400 for that of Bareith. They write from Turin the 25th, that several Regiments of Horse and 6000 Foot were detach'd from Piemont, with Artillery, for the Ferrareze: Where by this Reinforcement will be a Body of 12000 Imperialists to act against the Pope's Troops. Letters from Barcelona of the 14th tell us several English and Dutch Ships were arriv'd there, with 30000 Measures of Corn, of which the Kingdom of Sardinia make a Present to King Charles.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Oct. 12.

Genoa, Sept. 22. The 19th Instant the Marshal de Theffe arriv'd here from Antibes, with 8 French Gallies. At his Arrival in our Road, he was complimented by 4 Gentlemen. When he came to an Anchor, he was Complimented agen by 4 other Deputies from our Regency; and when he was landed 6 other Deputies went to his Lodgings, and complemented him. He immediately sent his Secretary to the College; and the Council for Affairs of War was soon assembled, to receive his Propositions which are suppos'd to be for engaging this Republick in a League with the Pope against the Emperour: But their Answer is not yet known. In the mean Time they continue their Preparations of War, and the fortifying of Savona.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated Oct. 16.

Turin, Sept. 29. The Army of our Duke is encamp'd at Pignerol, and will continue there till the new Fortifications of Fenestrelles are finish'd; which done they will go into Winter Quarters. His Royal Highness is

rial General Count Thaur was gone from hence towards the Ferrareze, but was oblig'd by Indisposition and the breaking out of an old Wound, to come back again. Letters from Savoy say the French have forbid on pain of Death the Exportation of Corn out of that Country; from which 'tis conjectur'd they design a considerable Number of Troops shall Winter there. We are told, that the Marshal de Theſſe is set out for Rome from Genoa; and that the Republick rejected the Propositions he made to them.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated Octob. 16.

Milan, Octob. 2. The French have spread a Report, that the Republick of Genoa has entered into an Engagement with the Pope against the Emperour: But 'tis rather believ'd that Republick will follow the Example of that of Venice, which has refus'd to enter into any such Engagement, and counsell'd the Pope rather to use the Way of Negotiation than the Sword. 'Tis rumour'd that Port Mahon has surrendred to Admiral Leake. 'Tis hop'd that the Stay of the greatest Part of the confederate Fleet in the Mediterranean this Winter, will contribute not a little to prevent the League which France is seeking to form in Italy. They write from Rome, that the Pope will declare the Marshal de Theſſe Generalissimo of the Forces of the Church; and designs to lay his hands on the Treasure left by Sixtus V in the Castle of St. Angelo: But they assure us several Cardinals have declar'd loudly, that the Necessities of the present Conjunction are not such as are specified in the Bull of Sixtus V, without which 'tis not allowable to make Use of that Money. Pursuant to a Council of War held here, at which the Marquis de Prie assisted, Orders are sent to the Commanding Officers of the Imperial Troops in the Ferrareze, to repel Force with Force; and some new Companies are order'd to be rais'd. We learn, that the Pope's Forces or Subjects in the Ferrareze do not only continue their Acts of Hostility against the Imperialists, but make Excursions likewise out of their Frontiers. One of their Parties has seiz'd some Cattle in the Modeneze, and carried them off. Another Party has had a Skirmish with some Imperialists towards Reggio and Ostellato, and about 100 of the latter were kill'd. This has oblig'd the Duke of Modena to cause some Troops to advance to cover his Frontiers: And the Imperial Troops which are coming from Piemont are sent to, to hasten their March: Their Foot are already come into the Cremonenze, and their Cavalry take their March through the Country of Piacenza.

Vienna, Octob. 3. We have little Hope here of any Accomodation with the Pope, who appears zealously dispos'd to blow up the Fire of War in Italy, on the Assurances given him of Assistance from the two Crowns, and in Expectation of engaging the Republicks of Venice and Genoa and the Duke of Tuscany in his Quarrel. The Venetian Envoy, who but lately came hither, has assur'd our Court, that the Republick will hold themselves absolutely Neuters on this Occasion; and 'tis said the Republick of Genoa and the Duke of Tuscany have given the like Assurances to the Duke of Savoy: But 'tis to be suppos'd our Court will not intirely depend on any such Assurances from either of those three Powers, but take the most prudent Measures against the worst that may happen. We find the Malecontents of Hungary are animated by this Difference of our Court with that of Rome; being either influenc'd by the Pope's Emisſaries among their Clergy, or by the Hopes which they may reasonably entertain that every new Diversion of the Emperour's Forces and Treasure cannot but be to their Advantage. Upon the whole, Affairs in the Ferrareze tend apace to an open Rupture; and 'tis difficult to see how Extremities can be prevented, and the present Differences made up. There seems to be but one only Means, and that is for the Duke of Savoy to interpose his good Offices, (which some say his Royal Highness is inclin'd to do,) to bring the Points in Dispute between the Pope and the Emperour to a fair Discussion, and in Consequence to an equitable Decision. In this Case, 'tis highly probable the Venerians would joyn their good Offices to those of his Royal Highness, and oblige the two contending Parties to hear Reason.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated Octob. 16.

Paris, Octob. 8. Yesterday arriv'd a Courier at Marli, with Letters from the Marshal de Boufflers and the Duke of Vendome: The first acquaints the King, that he hopes to hold out all the Month of October; and the other, that no Convoy from Ostend can pass to the Enemy's Army. The Marquis d'Antin, Director of the King's Buildings, is gone to Compiègne, to cause the Apartments of that Castle to be fitted up for the Elector of Bavaria; and 'tis said the Elector of Cologne will also repair thither.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Oct. 16.

From the Camp before Lille, Oct. 10. A Day or two ago two Peasants were seiz'd, having two Barrels of

and were immediately hang'd up without any Form of Process. Four more Barrels of Powder have since been found hid in four Carts with Hay: And those who drove those Carts prove to be Officers disguis'd as Peasants; but 'tis not yet known what will be done with them. In the mean time this confirms us in our Opinion that the Besieged are in want of Powder.

From the Leiden Courant, dated Oct. 17.

From the Camp before Lille, Oct. 12. 'Tis certain, whatever the Emisſaries of France may give out, that we have taken and are at present possess'd of all the Outworks of this Place. We are labouring incessantly to fill up the Ditch. The greatest Inconvenience is, that the Enemy have had so much Time to make such strong Intrenchments behind the Breaches, that we must make a new Breach. Yet we doubt not of being Masters of the Town in a little Time. A Woman who is come out of it reports, that the Besieged are in want of Powder, as also of Beer, and for Victuals are reduc'd to eat Horse-flesh.

From the Leiden Courant, dated Octob. 17.

From the Camp at Rouffelaar, Octob. 13. All the Enemy's Endeavours to cut off our Communication with Ostend, have turn'd to our Advantage: For now the Stores are to be brought in Boats or on Floats near to Newport, and are there to be loaded by our Waggon, to be brought to our Army by a Road which is 3 Miles shorter than that to Ostend.

Falmouth, Oct. 7. The 5th put in here a Flushing Privateer, bringing with her the Medee a French Ship of War of 16 Guns, taken at her first coming out of Port.

Plymouth, Oct. 8. This Morning pass'd by to the Westward about 18 Men of War with the Queen of Portugal, and about 150 Merchant Ships: At the same time sail'd hence to joyn them the Suffolk, Antelope, and Tyger, with 12 Ships for Portugal, &c.

AT the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, this present Tuesday, being the 12th of October, will be presented a Comedy call'd, Love makes a Man; or, The Pop's Fortune. The Parts of Carlos by Mr. Wilks, Clodio by Mr. Cibber, Don Lewis by Mr. Pinkethman, Antonio by Mr. Bullock, Sancho by Mr. Norris, Don Duart by Mr. Mills, Governor by Mr. Bickerstaffe, Elvira by Mrs. Oldfield, Lovisa by Mrs. Rogers, Angelica by Mrs. Bradshaw, and all the other parts to the best Advantage. The whole Company of Comedians being now in Town.

This Play is sold by J. Knapp at the Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, and B. Liston next Nando's Coffee-House, Temple-Bar.

The Governor and Company of Merchants of London trading into the East-Indies do hereby give Notice, That the Transfer Book of the said Company will be shut up from Saturday the 16th of this Instant October, to Monday the 1st of November next, in Order to ascertain every Adventurer's Stock, on which the 10 per Cent is called in by direction of the General Court of the 30th of September last.

JOSHUA FEARY, ROBERT CARR, and HOW LOWFIELD, Mercers, Remov'd from the Wheat Sheaf by the Bell-Savage-Inn on Ludgate-Hill, to the Wheat Sheaf and Stag 6 Doors higher on the same side of the Way nearer Ludgate.

For SALE by the CANDLE.

This Day the 12th Instant, at Lloyd's Coffee-House in Lombard-street, at 4 a Clock, 21 Pipes of new Red and White Oporto Wine, within the great Gates next the Ship a Linen-Draper's, opposite to the Mitre-Tavern in Fenchurch-street; 12 Pipes of new Red Viana, in Billiter-Square; 12 Pipes of new Red Viana, 8 Hhds of Red Anadea, 7 Pipes of Red Florence, 5 Chests of new Red Florence, under the Bunch of Grapes near the Arch in Crutched-Friars; 15 Hhds of new French Claret, and 9 Hhds of new French White Wine, in Cross-Lane, between St. Dunstan's-Hill and Harp-Lane; and 10 Puncheons of Barcelona Brandy, near the Plough in Water-Lane, opposite to the Custom-house. All the aforesaid Wines and Brandy are to be seen at usual Hours till the time of Sale. Sold by T. Tomkins, Broker.

This Day at 8 in the Morning, at the Angel near Lincoln's-Inn Back-gate, the Books of Mr. Wm. Turner Bookseller decess'd, will continue to be sold by Retail at very reasonable Rates in the fair way of the Price put in each Book, being a Collection of valuable Books in Greek, Latin, and English, in Divinity, History, Law, Physick, &c. with a large Collection of Plays to pick at 4s. 6s. and 8s. per Dozen, also stitich Tracks or Pamphlets very cheap. The Sale to continue every Day this and the next Week.

On Thursday the 28th Instant, at 4 a Clock in the Afternoon, will be Ruffled for a fine Chestnut Mare, which was Mr. Green's in the Minories, by 25 Gentlemen at one Guinea each, he that throws highest at 3 throws to have the said Mare at one Guinea. The Mare is to be seen at the Flying-Horse in Houndsditch, and the Subscriptions taken at Pool's Coffee-house without Bishopsgate.

To be Sold to the best Bidder,

A Lease of a Distill-house at Foxhall, late belonging to Sir Bazill Firebrace, wherein are 16 Years now to come, and Covenant for 25 Years more if requir'd, the present Rent is 10 l. per Annum, together with several Distills, Worms, Under-Backs, and a large Leaden Liquor-Back, all fix'd together, with the Crane, Cans, and several other Utensils, and great Conveniences thereto belonging, on Thursday the 14th of this Instant October, at the Crown Tavern behind the Exchange, London, at 2 a Clock, Enquire for N^o. 2. The Premises are shew'd by J. Belt at Foxhall, and Particulars to be had at the Garter Coffee-house behind the Exchange.

For SALE by the CANDLE.

On Thursday the 14th Instant, at Lloyd's Coffee-house in Lombard-street, at 9 a Clock in the Afternoon, 24 Pipes of new White and Red Viana Wines, and 25 Chests of new Red Florence Wine. Catalogues will be timely dispers'd. Sold by Thomas